

RoHS Compliant Product
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen free

DESCRIPTION

The SSD10N10J-C is the highest performance trench N-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent $R_{DS(on)}$ and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications .

FEATURES

- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent CdV/dt effect decline
- Green Device Available

MARKING



PACKAGE INFORMATION

Package	MPQ	Leader Size
TO-252	2.5K	13 inch

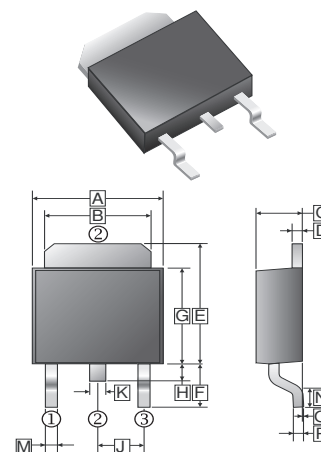
ORDER INFORMATION

Part Number	Type
SSD10N10J-C	Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free

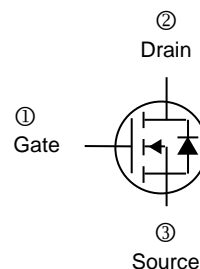
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current @ $V_{GS}=10V$ ¹	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
	$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	6.3	A
Pulsed Drain Current ²	I_{DM}	20	A
Total Power Dissipation ³	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	31	W
	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	2	W
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55~150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Rating			
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	$R_{\theta JC}$	4	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹	$R_{\theta JA}$	62	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$

TO-252(D-Pack)



REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	6.35	6.80	J	2.30	REF.
B	5.20	5.50	K	0.64	0.90
C	2.15	2.40	M	0.50	1.1
D	0.45	0.58	N	0.9	1.65
E	6.8	7.5	O	0	0.15
F	2.40	3.0	P	0.43	0.58
G	5.40	6.25			
H	0.64	1.20			



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	100	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	
Gate-Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	1	-	2.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	-	-	± 100	nA	$V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$	
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	-	19	-	S	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$	
Drain-Source Leakage Current	I_{DSS}	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=80\text{V}, V_{GS}=0$
		$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	30		
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	-	152	m Ω	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$	
		-	-	158		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$	
Total Gate Charge ²	Q_g	-	25.5	-	nC	$I_D=8\text{A}$ $V_{DS}=60\text{V}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	-	4.2	-			
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Change	Q_{gd}	-	4.3	-			
Turn-on Delay Time ²	$T_{d(on)}$	-	17.3	-	nS	$V_{DD}=50\text{V}$ $I_D=1\text{A}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ $R_D=3.3\Omega$	
Rise Time	T_r	-	2.8	-			
Turn-off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$	-	50	-			
Fall Time	T_f	-	2.8	-			
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	-	1077	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0$ $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	-	46	-			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	-	32	-			
Gate Resistance	R_g	-	2	3	Ω	$f=1\text{MHz}$	
Source-Drain Diode							
Continuous Source Current ^{1,4}	I_S	-	-	10	A	$V_G=V_D=0, \text{Force Current}$	
Pulsed Source Current ^{2,4}	I_{SM}	-	-	20	A		
Diode Forward Voltage ²	V_{SD}	-	-	1.2	V	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0$	

Notes:

- The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- The power dissipation is limited by 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ junction temperature.
- The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

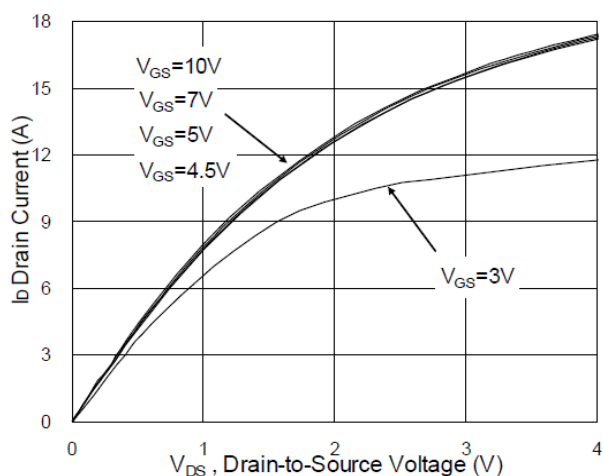


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

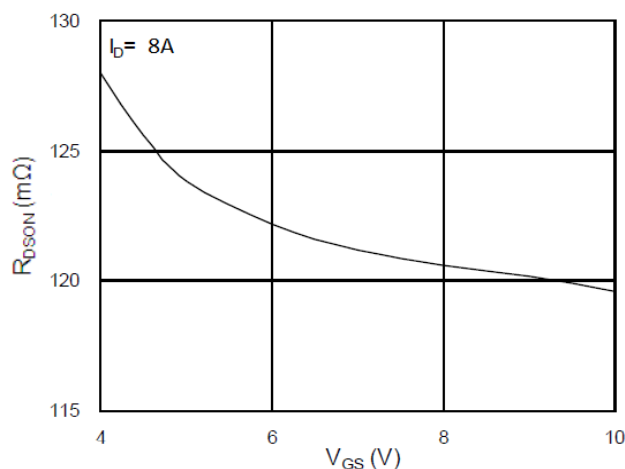


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

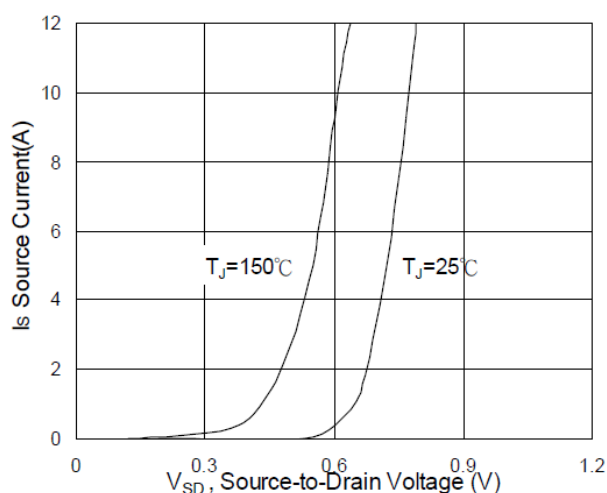


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

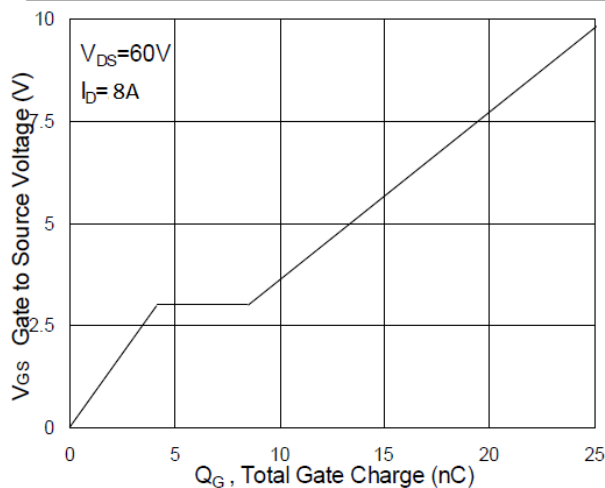


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

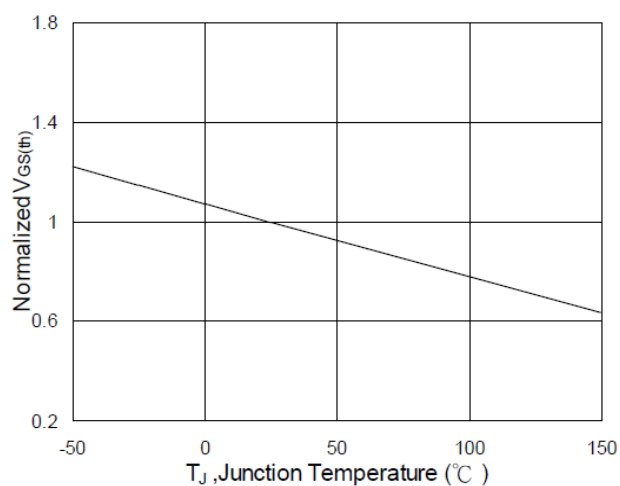


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

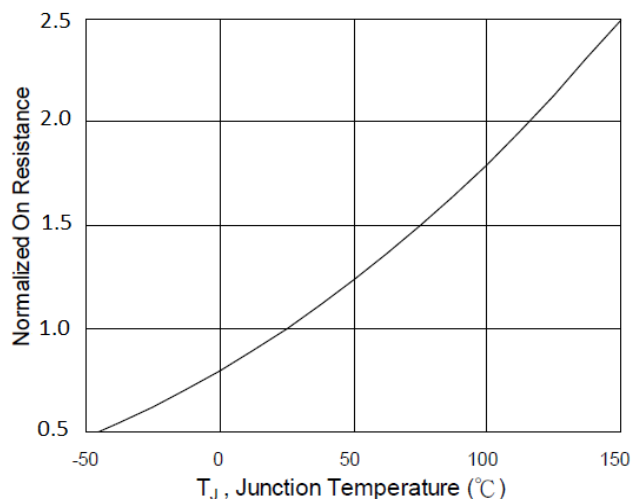


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(ON)}$ vs. T_J

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

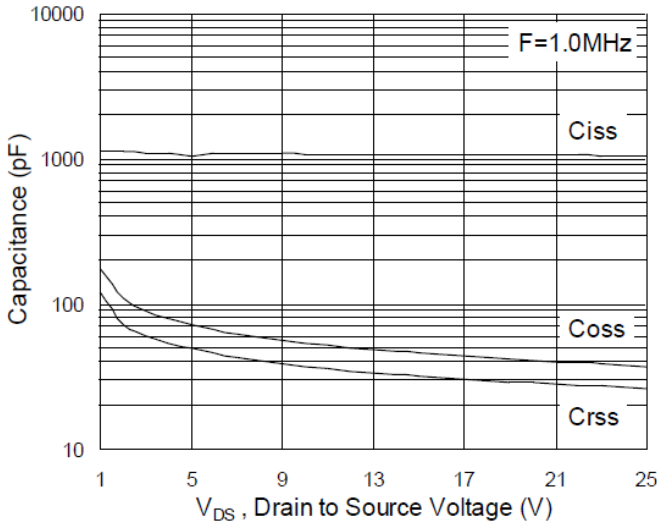


Fig.7 Capacitance

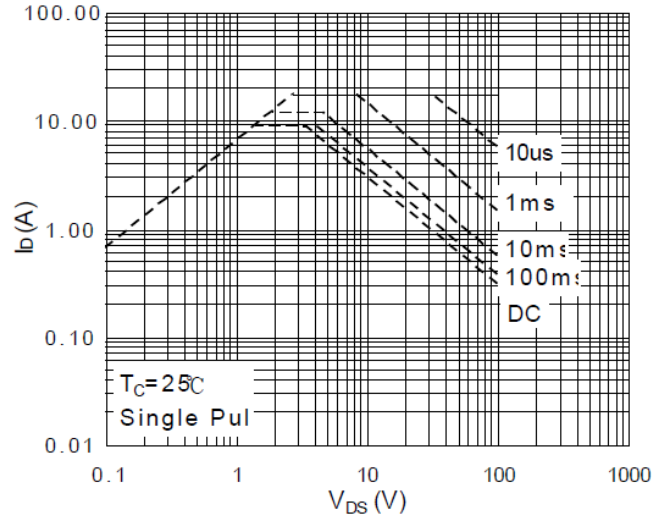


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

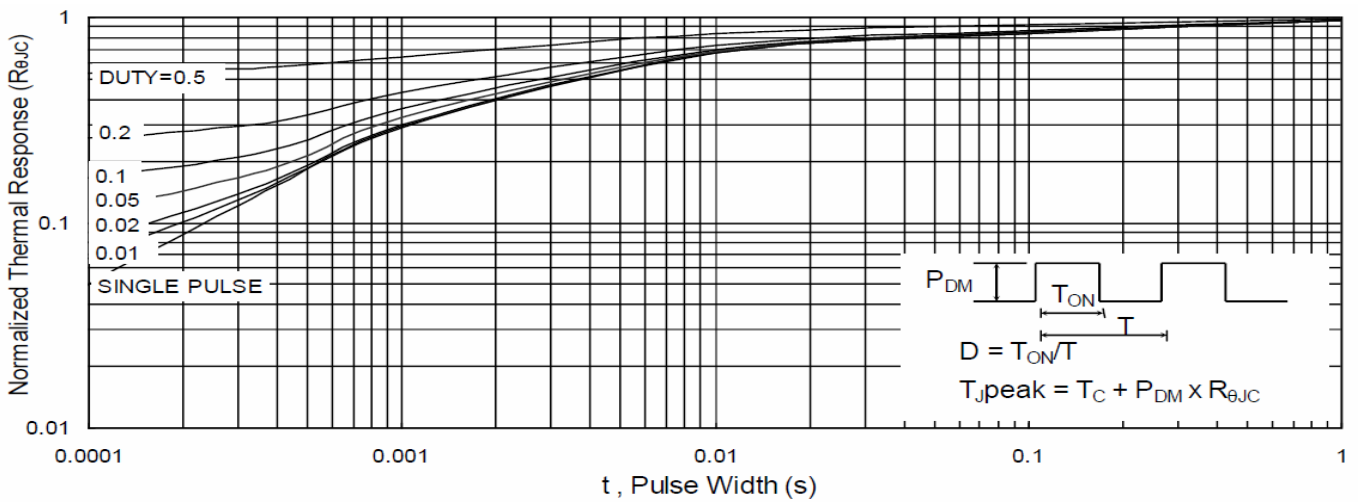


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

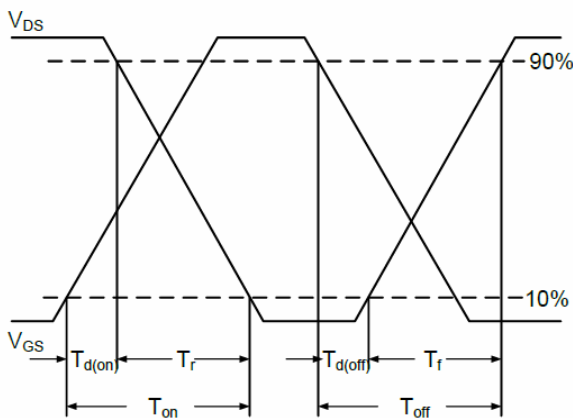


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

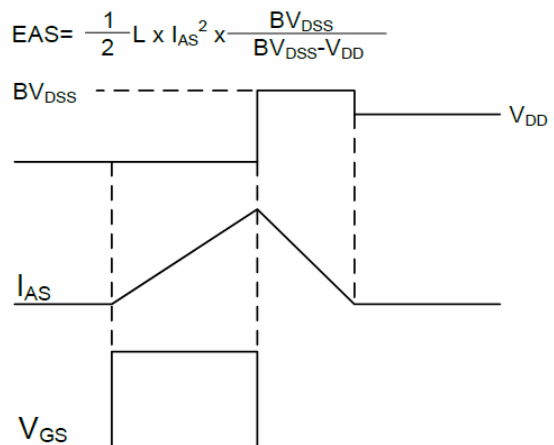


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform